## Module 5/6 Test Study Guide

Terms to know:

## Congruence Theorems/Postulates/Definitions

ASA, SAS, SSS, AAS, HL
Vertical Angles are Congruent
Alternate Interior Angles are Congruent
Corresponding Angles are Congruent
CPCFC (Corresponding Parts of Congruent Figures are Congruent)
Definition of a Midpoint
Definition of a Bisector

## Properties of Congruence

Reflexive Property
Substitution Property
Transitive Property


1. State what additional information would prove triangle $A B C$ and $X Y Z$ congruent for each theorem/postulate:

ASA $\qquad$ SAS $\qquad$

SSS $\qquad$ AAS $\qquad$
2. If the measure of segment $A B=(25 x+10)$ and the measure of segment $X Y=22 x+23$, what value of ' $x$ ' would make the two triangles congruent by SAS?
3. State by what postulate/theorem the triangles are congruent. Then state what angle congruence theorem and/or property of congruence makes the triangles congruent.


Congruence Theorem: $\qquad$
Angle Congruence or Congruence Property? $\qquad$


Congruence Theorem: $\qquad$
Angle Congruence or Congruence Property? $\qquad$


Congruence Theorem (there are $\mathbf{2}$ right answers!): $\qquad$

Angle Congruence or Congruence Property (more than 1)?

Congruence Theorem: $\qquad$

Angle Congruence or Congruence Property? $\qquad$


Congruence Theorem: $\qquad$

Angle Congruence or Congruence Property?

